

To the world at large, the United States is a great agricultural nation, and its other activities bring somewhat more shadowed by the products of its farms and plantations. Yet the mineral statistics of last year show that it is also the greatest mineral producer in the world. There are other surprises in Mayor Towel's report for 1886, as, for instance, that the pig iron product was greater in value than the product of gold and silver combined, and that it even exceeded the value of bituminous coal. Natural gas, measured by coal equivalents, has reached a value of \$10,000,000 per annum. Altogether the report of mineral production, though presenting only a general outline of the country's resources, shows that a wonderful country there again waits that a wonderful country this is. When to such returns the agricultural products and manufactures are added, with a consideration of the transportation facilities required for the accommodation of sixty million people and the shipment of all the products to market, it is easy to understand why we have a surplus in the Treasury.

submitted to being led into the sitting-room, with his head screwed backward to get a last glimpse of Aunt Sally's charming hired-girl, who was swiftly fleeing the scene of her crime.

"We'll be hurt forth, sinking into a chair by the glowing stove, and gaping at his friend."

His friendship was gone; his jocose sarcasm was a thing of the past. He said:

"Well" said the doctor, collectively.

"Good gracious!" said Tom, explosively.

"Did you ever see such a darling?"

"Yes, the cook," said Wilson, shutting the stove-drawer. "Yes, she's pretty. But don't lose your head over a pretty girl, Bronson; the woods are full of them."

Wilson picked up a "Life of Washington" from the table and, hewn to

"Here she is!" said Tom, forgetting everything about his happiness, and flying in to join Aunt Sally's charming herd of the soft.

Aunt Sally sat in the largest rocker. Her good-natured face was glowing with pleasure, and she burst out into serenely delighted speech at the sight of Tom.

"What's the matter with you, boy? You hear, with a stern frown, which gradually faded."

"Wal, Susy's been tellin' me all about it," she said, taking her glances in her optimism, "an' I don't know jest when I'll be able to see her on the way to New York, fust night she come, I did hope I could take a fancy to each other. I've been afraid Susy'd have to marry to suit her pa, and not her own self. I've been thinkin' on that ever since."

"You somebody with money. He says, out to the match'd be unequal if she

**Nomadic Pagans in Russia.**

A nomadic people living in the Upper Ural in Russia, and called Vaguls, or vagules, in Latin. They live in wooden houses, and in summer they go out among the mountains and dwell under canvas. Their winter clothing is made of camel skin and their summer of linen. As is the rule among savage races, the women are little better than slaves. The Vaguls worship the bear, and consider sacred different parts of the forest, for which they have a superstitious terror. They sacrifice daily to their deity a halibut, prebought by the czar. Contact with Russians is beginning to civilize these people.

The selfish man had most presence of mind. He never forgets himself,

"Ah, madame! Why, really—do you know—I—"

"Yes," innocently explained his visitor in broken English, "yes, she is very home." In fact, she stay at home all the time."

**Silence.**

"When I am free, oh! think of me," smiled a messenger over and over again under the window of a Calumet avenue house the other night. After he had said so for the fifteenth time a fat and furious old face appeared at the upper window, and a masculine voice barked out:

"Yes'm, young man, I will remember you, and you'll remember me for a long time, after you're gone, if you don't put out in less'n three days. You got to get out of here with a pound and a half of cold lead in it that I'll

**The Machete.**  
The machete, a broad sword or knife, about two to three feet long, and carried without a sheath, is the universal arm of Venezuela and Central America. In the northern States of this country the principal use for the machete is for cutting cane, but in South America it replaces the pocket knife, the axe, and the sword. The llanero or hacendado is never seen without it. He cuts bread with it, peels his fruit, and for hatching wood, cuts his way through the primeval forests, slaughters hens or pigs, and defends himself against the attacks of wild beasts and serpents. There are no rattlesnakes in Venezuela, but the machete, for with a single stroke the native will cut them in two.—*New York*

Quill toothpicks came from France. The largest factory in the world is in Paris, where there is an annual production of 20,000,000 quills. The factory that started to make quill pens, but the pens went out of use it was turned into a toothpick mill. Wooden toothpicks were made principally in Michigan, Pennsylvania, Indiana and Ohio.

into a gala costume.—*Scribner.*

**An Old Epitaph.**

Here is an epitaph still to be found in an English churchyard:

HERE LIES THE BODY OF  
LADY GROUNCEY  
FIRST CONCIN TO BURKE,  
Commonly Called "The Sublime,"  
Blind, passionate and very religious,  
She also painted in water color—  
"Of such is the kingdom of heaven."

His Majesty Dong Khan, of Annam, has fifty cows taking part in the preparation of each royal repast, but each cow is confined to the elaboration of a single one of the fifty dishes of which the *menu* is invariably composed.



# The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.  
THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1888.  
[Entered as second-class matter at Post Office at Salem, N. C.]

There seems still to be a coal famine in Minnesota, along the Northern Pacific Railroad.

The Democrats of Charleston, W. Va., have organized a large club, with a strong tariff reformer as president.

A party of New England excursionists are now visiting the South. Their routes will take them through ten States.

The Standard Oil Company has abandoned the Iron Mountain Warehouse and Tank Company, and now has no competitor.

A sharp shock of earthquake was felt in different parts of England and Scotland Friday, but no damage is reported.

Bills providing for the construction of new public buildings in the Senate and House, amount to \$28,000,000, up to this time.

In an attempt to capture 2 outlaws in the Indian Territory, seven innocent lives were sacrificed, and the outlaws are still at large.

Two thousand bales of cotton, and several buildings were destroyed by fire in Charleston last week; total loss about \$1,250,000, which is fully covered by insurance.

President Cleveland has appointed Emile Blum, of New York City, United States delegate to the international exposition to be held at Barcelona, Spain, in April.

Prof. Asa Gray is dead. He was the most eminent American botanist and the author of many books. He was born in N. Y. State in 1810. One of his books was "The Flora of the Southern States."

A woman in Georgia, who murdered her father, and who was to have been hung last week, has had her sentence commuted to imprisonment for life; public sentiment against capital punishment was what saved her.

The strike situation in Pennsylvania is growing very serious; a large number of miners have been reduced to abject poverty, and the colored men employed at the Solids Iron Works are threatened with death.

This important decision was handed down by the Kentucky Court of Appeals, in which case one may kill in his own defense because of danger, either real or apparent, another may do so for him, but one who interferes is guilty of murder if the person in whose defense he acts was in fault.

HARPER is full of interesting matter, prominent among which is Senator Edmund's reply to Editor Watterson's Tariff article. "On the Outposts, 1780," is one of the best sketches we have read in a long time. Every person fond of reading will find something in HARPER to suit his taste. \$4.00 a year. Reduction to clubs.

Gov. Seay, of Alabama, is in receipt of a letter from Dr. P. S. Redde, a prominent citizen of Dakota, in which he states that the terrible loss of life to both man and best in consequence of the recent blizzard has determined many Dakota farmers to seek Southern homes. In one section forty farmers have indicated their purpose to go South.

According to the latest received estimates, the United States stands second in the world in the production of coal. It is estimated that last year there were mined in this country, approximately, 100,000,000 tons of coal. The production of Germany was something under 60,000,000 tons; of France, about 20,000,000 tons; and of Belgium, about 18,000,000 tons. The United Kingdom still leads the list, having an output of about 157,000,000 tons.

The Odell Cotton Mills Company, of Concord, has declared a semi-annual dividend of 10 per cent. During the year the company manufactured 324,667 yards of plaids, 102,489 seamless bags, 49,386 towels. There was paid out during the year to operatives \$64,292.36 for cotton, \$172,388.94. The mills were run 298 days during the year. It would be hard for any New England cotton factory to present results as satisfactory as these.

We have Dr. Grissom's report on the Insane Asylum, Raleigh, for the year ending November 30, 1887. The Dr. states that since the Asylum was opened in February, 1846, the total number of admissions amount to 1,892. Of these 1,043 were males and 849 females. The total number of discharges for the same time is 1,600, of which 897 were males and 703 females. Of those discharged 503 were considered cured, 260 much improved, 335 unimproved and 501 died.

The report is satisfactory in every particular.

The Trust controlling the sugar interest of the country have united with a capital stock of \$60,000,000, based on \$15,000,000 worth of property.

A movement has been started at Rochester, N. Y., to counteract this robbery. Circulars are being sent all over the United States. The call is for the people everywhere to organize into small clubs, and resolve not to buy any sugar for 6 months from March 1st, 1888. The press is asked to circulate this matter, and beg the people to take hold of it. If people will cut down their purchases as small as possible, it will do the work, says the Greensboro North State. We hope that every individual will do what he can to nip their scheme in the bud.—High Point Enterprise.

**CONGRESS.**  
The Senate on Tuesday of last week passed the joint resolution, proposing an amendment to the Constitution, providing that the term of office of the President and the present Congress shall continue until the 30th day of April, 1889, at noon, and that hereafter the 30th of April, instead of the 3d of March, shall be the commencement and termination of the official term of the President, members of Congress, etc. Mr. Everts addressed the Senate in favor of the Blair Educational bill; in the House, a number of bills and resolutions were reported from committees, and bills were passed for the erection of public buildings at Greenville, S. C., and Asheville, N. C., at a cost of \$100,000 each.

Mr. Call addressed the Senate on Wednesday last week, on his resolution to prevent railroad receivers from depriving creditors of their liens through receivers' certificates, but no action was taken; Mr. Pugh made a speech in favor of the Blair Educational bill. In the House, there was a long debate relative to the proposed investigation of the Reading Railroad strike; a resolution was finally adopted for the appointment of a special committee of five to make an investigation of all matters concerning the same.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The brilliant speech of Mr. Kenna, of West Virginia, in the Senate today in reply to Mr. Sherman's recent speech on the tariff was one that will add greatly to his reputation. The galleries were crowded, and nearly every Democratic Senator was in his seat. Mr. Sherman listened attentively from his side of the chamber and made frequent notes. Mr. Kenna must have amazed Mr. Sherman by the familiarity he exhibited with his utterances. He pointed out the numerous contradictions and inconsistencies contained in them. He quite cut the comb indeed of the Ohio Senator. Mr. Kenna, though a young man, is a recognized leader on the Democratic side and one of the most promising men in the party. He flies high for fame and always gets it. It was he who replied so effectively to Mr. Edmunds' criticism of the President's power of removal from office, and he has now met the other Republican leader on ground of his own choosing and vanquished him. The scalps of Messrs. Edmunds and Sherman are no mean trophies to be dangling at the belt of a man 40 years of age.—N. Y. Star.

Mr. Sherman made a brief rejoinder, and Mr. Reagan made a still briefer one in reply to Mr. Sherman; in the House the bill defining second and third class mail matter was discussed and passed; the reports in the Indiana contested election case were discussed, but without action the matter went over.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 3.—[House.] Mr. Dockery, of Missouri, from the Committee on Postoffice and Post Roads reported a bill authorizing the appointment of eleven division superintendents of the railway mail service. Referred to the Committee of the Whole.

Mr. Collins, of Massachusetts, from the Committee on Judiciary, submitted adverse reports on the bills to create a court of customs, and proposing a constitutional amendment empowering Congress to grant aid to the common schools of the several States. Laid on the table.

Mr. Houk, of Tennessee, introduced a bill to establish a Soldier's Home at Knoxville, Tennessee. There was little of interest done in Congress on Saturday; the Senate was in session, and the House was occupied with the Lowry-White contested election case.

MONDAY, Feb. 6.—In the Senate several petitions were presented in favor of prohibition of liquor sales in the District of Columbia. Mr. Riddleberger again moved for open discussion of the British extradition treaty. The Blair Educational bill was laid before the Senate, but was laid aside temporarily, and Mr. Platt took the floor for a speech on the President's message.

HOUSE.—Bill introduced: By Mr. Candler, of Ga., for refunding U. S. 4 per cent. bonds into 2½ per cent. bonds.

By Mr. Henderson, of North Carolina, to divide the surplus money in the Treasury on the first of July, 1888 among the several States and Territories to be used in aid of common schools; also to repeal the tax on the notes of State banks used as circulation.

By Mr. Hopkins, of Va., for a public building at Roanoke. Speaker Carlisle resumed his seat as speaker.

The House then resumed discussion on the Lowry-White contested election from Indiana, and resulted in the confirmation of White's title to the seat.

## FROM WASHINGTON.

Correspondent Wilmington Messenger.  
The internal tax propositions are pretty much in statu quo; but Mr. Henderson says that the license taxes, having been conceded by Speaker Carlisle in the correspondence with the present session's arrangement without controversy. This would make five millions reduction more than I had counted upon as secure. It is learned that some members of the Ways and Means Committee wish to impose merely a nominal tax on brandy of about two cents on the gallon. Others, however, would make the tax above 10 cents. The Judiciary Committee as soon as the election case of White is disposed of will call up Mr. Henderson's Internal Revenue bill (minimum payments, etc.) It will pass without difficulty, it would have been disposed of on Thursday but for the time used by the Election Committee.

Reidsville Democrat: A school teacher in Chatham county proposed to flog one of his pupils, a boy, the other day, whereupon a big sis of the little fellow whipped out a pistol and commenced firing at the "Domine," and made a number of holes in his clothing. Operations were speedily suspended and the "Kid" allowed to go unflogged.

GREENSBORO, N. C., Feb. 6.—Rumors about town to-night are to the effect that a bear got loose from some Turks near here during the day, and is causing quite a sensation. It has been seen by some men but could not be captured.

**POLITICAL.**  
Mr. Cleveland's bid is tariff revision, in the interests of the people, free raw material, to make better wages, steadier employment, and greater prosperity for American industries. That's a pretty good bid, Mr. Cleveland. It looks as though the American people would accept it.—N. Y. Herald, Ind.

The country has reason to be grateful to the President for his patriotic message, but the Democratic party has special occasion to be thankful for it as a masterpiece in politics as well as in patriotism. How completely it suggests the meeting the exigencies of the hour!—N. Y. Star.

The great tariff reform meeting held in Philadelphia sends tidings of good cheer to the supporters of the people's cause throughout the land. It was not a partisan gathering, not a mere assemblage of politicians, but a meeting of business men to consider a business question in a business-like manner.

**Foreign News.**  
The publication of the Austro-German treaty of 1879 has caused much excitement. It is said on one hand to have been published with a purely patriotic object; on the other hand it is believed to have been a warning to Russia preceding an ultimatum.

In the German Reichstag on the 6th Prince Bismarck delivered an address on the general situation of Europe, which was listened to by a large assemblage; he announced that Germany was at peace with France, that no attack from Russia was apprehended, and that the situation would not be judged from press comments.

**Predictions for the Fall Campaign.**  
N. Y. Herald, Independent.  
The Sun has a correspondent venerable enough to remember the campaign and Tyler too in 1840, and brave enough to predict, in regard to the presidential canvass as follows: "The campaign on the winning side will partake somewhat of the features of the Harrison contest in 1840. The cool skin, the hunting shirt, the long hair, the side whiskers, and other striking features are likely to be more or less reproduced before the great gatherings of the people which will be held in the course of the struggle."

It looks as if Mr. Cleveland and Mr. Blaine would respectfully represent the Democratic and Republican parties, with Henry George as the labor and General C. B. Fisk as the prohibition candidate. But in politics the unexpected generally happens, and the wise politician thinks of that. It does not require much prudence to prepare for to-morrow, if we are sure of to-morrow. To be prepared for what we do not expect is the rarest political genius.

A panic because of bad financial legislation, a breakdown of the tariff business, a war in Europe, the discovery of a new batch of Mr. Blaine's undestroyed correspondence, or any one of a thousand circumstances may change the outlook which is now definite enough.

What we do not want, however, is any crazy quid, coon skin, log cabin, hard cider business! Campaigns of froth and nonsense never express the will of the people. There is a vast amount of lying, or roasting, or campaigning, or blather, or fastidious, and all issues are forgotten, and some indifferent William Henry Harrison or worse than indifferent Franklin Pierce is elected. A President who represents the disappointments of stronger men, who has been in other positions so unimpaired as to make neither enemies nor friends, who comes into convention as a trick or an accident, the election of such a man is of doubtful value. And we are apt to have such a President if the contingencies of the unexpected develop a coon skin, hard cider campaign.

We are taught to believe that the republic is stronger than a mere man, and that whether we have a brilliant John Quincy Adams or an absurd John Tyler in the White House it makes little difference. Quite true! But something is wrong in a republic when the real men do not come to the front. There is no professor in the grammar schools who will not tell you how hard it is to explain to his boys why Daniel Webster and Henry Clay should have been compelled to eat out their proud hearts in the Senate, while Martin Van Buren and James K. Polk smirked and fumbled about the chair of Jefferson.

Boys never can understand it, because a boy is honest, and his innocent young heart craves the fitness of things. It is only when he is a man that he knows better—knows, for instance, the fraud and false pretence in politics. We hope for a serious canvass! It will be stern and aggressive. The Democrats will surely nominate Cleveland, and his election will inaugurate the formation of such a political dynasty as was seen under Jefferson and Jackson. It does not appear how the Republicans are to beat him, no matter whom they nominate. Blaine, who represents all that is bad, much that is enterprising and some things that are good in Republicanism; Lincoln, a tradition, a hope and a name; Allison, conservative, dinner beef and cabbage work-day dinner; Phil. Sheridan, "Rally round the flag, boys," Sherman, three and a half per cent, and probably four; Hawley, the essential fact that he is not Blaine; Everts, whose politics know no yesterday, no to-morrow, "Republican for revenue only"—none of these and none of the influences they represent can, as the currents now run, defeat Cleveland.

But always remember that it is the unexpected that happens. The armies are now maneuvering for position. What we want is a straight, square contest, and no coon skin, hard cider business—no froth and nonsense.

GREENSBORO, N. C., Feb. 6.—Rumors about town to-night are to the effect that a bear got loose from some Turks near here during the day, and is causing quite a sensation. It has been seen by some men but could not be captured.

**STATE NEWS.**  
—Freight is being shipped over the Oxford & Clarksville railroad.  
—Greensboro has eighteen incoming and outgoing passenger trains daily.  
—W. W. Barber, of Wilkesboro, has accepted a clerkship in Washington, D. C.  
—The Biblical Recorder, of Raleigh, has purchased the Western Baptist, published at Asheville by Rev. Joseph E. Carter.  
—Twenty farmers' sub-alliances have been organized in the State within the last week. The total number is now 320.  
—Rev. J. N. Stallings remains as principal of Thomasville Female College. J. C. Scarborough will be one of his teachers.  
—Rev. A. W. White, pastor of the Presbyterian church at Wilkesboro and Taylorsville has received a call to Corpus Christi, Texas.  
—The Supreme Court met on Monday. There are thus far 21 applications for license as attorneys. There are about 250 cases so far on the docket.  
—Judge Morrison charged the Grand Jury at Durham that it is a misdemeanor for a druggist to sell whisky on the same prescription more than once.  
—Raleigh News-Observer: It is reported that Mr. Odell, of Concord, and J. S. Carr, of Durham, will build a large cotton factory on Haw River in Chatham county.

—Twin-City Daily: Rev. T. L. Hoyle, a superannuated member of the North Carolina Conference, died at his home at Ayserville, Stokes county, on the 25th ult.  
—The western conference of the Lutheran Church of North Carolina will convene at St. John's church, in Iredell county, on Saturday being the fifth Sunday of this month.  
—Judge Clark fined two jurors \$40 each for being late at Rockingham court last week and after that breakfast was served earlier and folks got out of bed when it was ready.

—Raleigh News-Observer: It was reported in commercial circles here yesterday that the net earnings of the Blackwell Durham Tobacco Co., of Durham, for 1887, amounted to more than \$278,000.

—Jack Blount, colored, charged with the murder of one Dawson of Creswell, N. C., were taken from Plymouth jail, lashed to trees and riddled with bullets about one mile from town.

—Salisbury Watchman: It is an unusual thing to see a Salisbury physician making professional visits on horseback. But the present condition of the roads has driven some of them to abandoning the buggy in favor of boot and saddle.

—President Cleveland has pardoned N. W. Cooper, who was under sentence of imprisonment for life at Detroit, Michigan. He is from North Carolina, and killed a man named Donley in Indian Territory. He has been in prison since 1880.

—Immigration agent Patrick has been notified by a New Hampshire man that he will come to this State on an early day and put up a cloth-pine factory, with a capacity of 300 gross a day. The location of the factory has not been selected.

—Greensboro Workman: Some tramps are said to have done a thriving business with one of our warehousemen here yesterday, by representing that their wagons with tobacco were broken down, and in need of repair, and borrowing money to buy food.

—At Mountain Island cotton mills, at Mount Holly, Gaston county, a sensation has been caused by an order issued by the superintendent prohibiting the use of snuff and tobacco in the mills. Some of the operatives, it is stated, have quit work, refusing to accede to this order.

—Oxford and Clarksville Railroad is laid to within one mile of the asylum. A few days of good weather and Oxford will shake hands with her sister town.—Oxford is to have electric lights in operation by the 1st of April, so we learn.

—About a dozen convicts were made by the Salvation Army in Kingston last week. The total number of convicts so far is between 55 and 60.  
—The Young Men's Christian Association was permanently organized Sunday afternoon by the adoption of by-laws and the election of officers.

—Sanford Express: We think A. F. Page, of Aberdeen, is one of the best of our local capitalists. He has graded a railroad from Aberdeen a distance of seven miles. He has purchased his ties, track and rolling stock and will soon have the road completed fourteen miles without a mortgage upon it. Here is one man building and equipping a railroad without mortgage, without convicts, without lobbying a legislature and without taxing the people to build it.

—Mt. Airy News: On Thursday night, Jan. 10th, 1888, the young men of our town met for the purpose of organizing a military company. The enlistment papers were laid on the table and fifty-six of the representative men of Surry county registered their names as members of the company. An election of officers was then ordered with the following result: S. P. Graves, captain; M. D. Moore, 1st lieutenant; W. T. Stover 2d lieutenant.

—As a mechanical genius, M. L. Jubin, of Morganton, would be hard to turn down, as nothing in the way of machinery is too hard for him to unravel. His latest piece of mechanism is a complete wooden building inside of a pint bottle, interwoven with different shades of silk thread. (There is in Wilmington a fine mechanical genius. At an early age he made a complete set of blacksmith tools, very diminutive, that are as beautiful as to form and workmanship. He is but 19 years old, and can build a locomotive engine. He has inventive genius as well as power of execution.—Wilmington Star.)

—Wilmington Messenger: A colored brakeman on the Atlantic Coast Line had a thrilling experience yesterday in putting on the brake near the depot. The chain which locks the wheels broke and the brakeman was precipitated between the cars. The entire train of fifteen cars passed over his prostrate body, but scared within an inch of his life he lay flat between the tracks and escaped unhurt.

—Lexington Dispatch: A pair of Mormon elders passed through here last Friday, on their way to Davis county. They were rather reticent about their character and profession while in town; but a citizen who smelled a mouse, drew out the information by persistent quizzing. It is well known that the Mormon missionaries confine their operations to the most ignorant people in the backwoods, and shun enlightened communities.

—Durham Recorder: Judge Schenck, of Greensboro, has completed the manuscript of the revolutionary history of North Carolina, embracing principally the years of 1780-'81. It will make a book of three hundred pages, and will completely indicate the course of the North Carolina military movement. It is a masterpiece of the pen, and has been the subject of much adverse criticism by some historians.

—Charlotte Chronicle: The three little children who were abandoned by their parents, were comfortably housed at the Home and Hospital last night. For some time past there has been talk at times of moving the headquarters of the Richmond & Danville Railroad system back again from Washington City to Richmond. The matter, however, has been definitely settled, and the headquarters will remain in Washington.

—Swan and geese are abundant on Albemarle Sound, but gunners say that ducks are scarcer than usual. Most of the Club men have gone home with rather poor success. It would make a bad showing to estimate the cost of every duck they killed. A club house costs them some \$3,000 a season to keep it open. There are six northern clubs and one club composed of native mimros.—Elizabeth City Economist.

—Raleigh, N. C., Feb. 3.—Some sharper is perpetrating extensive forgeries on the firm of Edwards & Broughton, printers and binders, of this city. Checks with the name of the firm forged have been received at the firm's bank here from Wadesboro, Hillsboro and other places. The operations are of such a nature as to lead to the belief that other forgeries will be discovered. All business firms are warned not to receive these checks.

—Capt. B. C. Gaden was in Henderson last week. He reports that the Vein Mountain gold mines are still booming, with the prospect that they will continue to boom for the next several centuries. He had with him about \$500 worth of the yellow nuggets, which were the admiration of all who beheld them. These nuggets consisted of free gold which had been deposited by the chemical elements deep down in the earth.

—Greensboro Workman: There are now at the Baptist orphanage at Thomasville, ninety-one orphans. Many more are calling for admission, but cannot be received until other buildings are erected. The building of two more have been laid. The buildings will be up as soon as there is a change in the weather. It requires four dollars a month to support an orphan at this institution. Within the last six months \$5,240.50 has been received and not less than \$5,000 in kind.

—Durham Recorder: Our associate editor, James A. Robinson, was married yesterday evening to Miss Alice Cary Page, at the residence of the bride's father, Captain Mack W. Page, of Morrisville, Rev. C. Durham performing the ceremony.—The Atlantic Hotel syndicate have decided to build 100 additional rooms, to build a new kitchen, wash room, and a new bath.

—Why in the d—d didn't you think of a patent? The doctor has applied for a patent, and he will begin the manufacture of the large age on an extensive scale. He has also invented and will have patented a pulse register. Another recent invention of the versatile and gifted North Carolinian, which has been patented, is a steam engine. One of these days the doctor ought to be famous and wealthy.—Washington Corr. Raleigh News-Observer.

—Letter in Charlotte Chronicle:—At Lexington a large cotton factory is running on full time and thriving, besides several other manufacturing enterprises have been recently put into successful operation. At Thomasville, a gold mine work is in operation employing about fifty hands; and at Wood working factories of various kinds, also boot and shoe manufactories on a small scale. At High Point more wood is being worked up into valuable than any other place in North Carolina. Several new brick stores have been erected, the streets are being cleaned and beautified, and signs of progress are visible all over the place, and in the adjacent country. I went down the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley railroad, and was astonished at the progress made within the past few years on that line, several new and thriving towns have sprung up. This line passes near by the many flourishing cotton factories of Deep River. Liberty, the first town of importance on the road, is a beautiful place, and is building up rapidly. A beautiful

academy building is in full view of the road. At Siler City, Chatham county, a very flourishing school is in operation.

—Raleigh News-Observer: Commissioner of Agriculture Robinson, with the aid of State Chemist Battle, is now at work on a plan for establishing in every county a model or experiment farm. This work is properly a sequel to the organization of farmers' institutes, in which the commissioner did some extensive and valuable work last year. The purpose of these farms is to show and exemplify the best method of work in every department of agriculture, and is as far as practicable to provide for the examination and analysis of seeds, &c. It is proposed to have the best farming implements suited to the locality in which each farm may be located, with all information as to how they may be procured, prices, etc., and other general information valuable to farmers. The full plans, etc., will be made known in the near future.

## GENERAL NEWS.

—A lady in Virginia is said to have a hive of bees that go to a neighboring distillery and get tipsy. This is a sad revelation for the moralist who is fond of holding up the bee as a bright and shining model of thrift, sobriety and industry.

—Two steamers were lifted out of the water by an ice gorge at St. Louis on Monday night last. The gorge had been forming for ten days, and when the thaw came the masses of ice moved down, grinding up \$1,500,000 worth of property. A very fine steamer worth \$80,000 was crushed.

—There is a girl in Tennessee named Annie Douglas. She is an orphan and is worth \$100,000. Two young men are to run a race for her, and the winner she will marry. They are to run eight miles. It is expected that at least 8,000 people will witness the race. She does this to prevent a duel it is said.—Wilmington Star.

—The wife of J. R. Howard, of Morley, Michigan, left him recently to follow a Mormon missionary named Smith. Howard organized a ten-and-a-half mile brigade to decoy the missionary, who appeared to the Howard City officials for protection. A notice was served on Smith advising him to leave the district within twenty-four hours or take the consequences. He showed some hesitation and was ridden on a rail half a mile. He then concluded to go.

—New York, Feb. 4.—A. M. Bradish, a book canvasser, walked into the Polytechnic Hospital today to be treated for a skin eruption. He was found to be suffering from small pox in an advanced stage. He said that he had contracted it in a Bowery lodging-house, to which the disease had been brought from Brooklyn. During the ten days he has been sick, he has visited hundreds of business houses in the city. The health authorities have instituted a general vaccination raid.

—MONTGOMERY, Ala., Feb. 4.—A special from Gadsden, Ala., reports that the most successful raid ever made on moonshiners in this State occurred on Friday. Deputy Marshal W. J. and Eugene Willard captured in Dekalb county a still with a capacity of two hundred and ten gallons, and five thousand gallons of liquor on hand; also in Jackson co. three stills and eleven thousand gallons of liquor and seven moonshiners actively at work.

—The two alleged American dynamiters have been proven guilty in a London court, and sentenced to fifteen years penal servitude. Two foreign steamers were badly damaged, and one sunk by floating ice in the Delaware river, below Philadelphia yesterday; some damage was also done to sailing vessels, and one or two are reported sunk; the U. S. Treasurer gives notice that he is prepared to issue one and two dollar silver certificates in redemption of mutilated U. S. and National bank notes.—The President has approved and promulgated a revision of the civil service rules which make several important changes in the system of appointments.—Wilmington Star Outlines.

—TERIBLY LACERATED BY A LION.—LONDON, Feb. 4.—At the conclusion of a performance at Lowry's Music Hall, in Dublin, last night, Mlle. Senide, one of the performers, placed her head in a lion's mouth for the purpose of having her photograph taken in that position. A sudden flash of light caused the beast to close his jaws, and he retained growing to a corner of his cage, dragging his helpless victim with him. Then he shook the girl violently, tearing her bare breast with his claws. The attendants at once sprang towards the cage and attacked the lion with iron, and Mlle. Senide was removed to her lodgings and medical aid summoned. Her neck, breast, shoulders and arm are terribly lacerated, but she is still alive.

—NEW YORK, Feb. 4.—A Macon, Ga., special, in Baker county, a young man went to the house of Amos Grant, a colored farmer. Finding all quiet and the house closed, he looked around for the only way to find the body of Grant hanging from a rope thrown over a projecting joint in the rear of the house. Inside he found Mrs. Grant's body in bed, her head crushed into a jelly as if by a club. On the floor was the body of the wife's sister, and further over was the body of Grant's 15 year old son. The theory is that as Grant was a hard taskmaster his wife was about to leave him, and that Grant, frenzied by the thought of her departure, took the club and brained them all while they slept, and then committed suicide.

## R. B. KERNER,

## ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WINSTON, N. C.

THIS PAPER is published for the Proprietor by R. B. Kerner, at No. 100 N. W. AVER & SON, one subscription agent.

## SALEM BOOKSTORE.

## MARKED DOWN

## Blank Books,

## Exercise Books,

## Records,

## Writing Books,

## Marked Way Down For Cash.

## Just Received,

## Slates,

## Arithmetics,

## Grammars,

## Readers,

## School Books,

## ALL AT LOWEST PRICES.

## A LOT OF

## FINE BOOKS,

## at 35c. 65c. 75c. & 91c.—Worth Double That.

## COME AND SEE

## BEFORE ALL ARE GONE.

## Salem Bookstore.

## THE STAR

## WILLIAM DORSEIMER,

## EDITOR.

## Daily, Weekly, and Sunday Editions.

## THE WEEKLY STAR,

## An Eight-page Newspaper, issued every Wednesday.

## A clean, able, and interesting FAMILY PAPER.

## It contains the latest news, down to the hour of going to press.

## Agricultural, Market, Household, Financial and Commercial, Political, Poetical, Humorous and Editorial.

## Departments, all under the direction of trained journalists of the highest ability. Its columns will be found crowded with good things from beginning to end.

## Original stories by distinguished American and foreign writers of fiction.

## TERMS OF THE WEEKLY STAR TO SUBSCRIBERS.

## Free of Postage in the United States and Canada, outside the limits of New York City.

## ONE DOLLAR FOR ONE YEAR.

## Club of 10 for the same P. O. address, with an additional copy to regular of Club.

## For THREE MONTHS, on trial, 25 cents.

## At Western, Albany, and other news centers, the latest news, specially retained by The Star, furnish the latest news by telegraph.

## The Financial and Market Reviews are unusually full and complete.

## THE DAILY STAR.

## The Daily Star contains all the news of the day in an attractive form. Its special correspondence from London, Paris, Berlin, Vienna and Dublin, is a common daily feature.

## At Western, Albany, and other news centers, the latest news, specially retained by The Star, furnish the latest news by telegraph.

## The Financial and Market Reviews are unusually full and complete.

## TERMS OF THE DAILY STAR TO SUBSCRIBERS.

## Free of Postage in the United States and Canada, outside the limits of New York City.

## Every Day, for one year (including Sunday), \$7.00.

## Daily, without Sunday, one year,



LOCAL ITEMS.

AN EPITOME OF THE WEEK'S DOINGS.

—John W. Fries, Esq., returned from his Northern trip Saturday night.

—Chicken and smoke-house meat thieves are still troubling the people of Winston.

—Mrs. Laura Campbell, of Concord, has charge of the Woman's Hospital in Winston.

—The loss by the recent fire at Walnut Cove is estimated at \$34,000, above insurance.

—Frank L. Mathews gave us goodbye Tuesday, and left on Wednesday's train for Los Angeles, California.

—Capt. A. H. Horton was in town last week, and left with his family for his home in Wilkesboro, Wednesday.

—Geo. E. Nissen & Co., are paying cash for good spokes and hub timber. Jan. 26-47

—Mrs. J. F. Brower and son, who have been in a visit to relatives and friends in this place, left for Trinity College on Tuesday.

—There will be an important business meeting of the Forsyth Bank on Monday night. All members are requested to be present.

—See notice of Vick's Floral Guide in this issue. It is finely illustrated, and adapted to the wants of all who are interested in the garden, floriculture, etc.

—J. P. Charles, of this county, has one arm and beat a number of his neighbors at a shooting match. He shoots without "a rest" and comes near the "bull's eye" every time.

—The Presbyterians raised by subscription last week \$5,000 toward building their new church. We learn they contemplate putting up a handsome structure to cost between \$10,000 and \$15,000.—Daily.

—Miss Mary Keelin, of this place, left on Tuesday evening last for Fort Riley, Kansas, at which place her uncle and aunt, Capt. and Mrs. G. E. Pond reside. We wish her a safe journey.

—Prof. S. T. Ford will deliver a lecture in Academy Chapel, Salem, on Monday night, Feb. 20th, and at Brown's Opera House, on Tuesday night, 21st. Literary Society benefit. Go and hear him.

—According to the Labor Bureau Report there are 175 tobacco factories in North Carolina. In 1880 there were 118, an increase of 57 in seven years. Forsyth county heads the list in the number of factories.

—The Teachers' Training Class was organized at the graded school last week. Fifteen young ladies of the town and the senior members of the school compose the class. The class meets Tuesdays and Thursdays at 2:30 o'clock.—Sentinel.

—The Salem Philharmonic Society will give "The Day of the Bell," a very fine musical composition, on next Thursday or Friday night. Under the energetic direction of Prof. Markgraf. It will prove a most enjoyable occasion.

—On Tuesday, Jan. 31st, Messrs. A. C. Hege & Son, of Lexington, warm as it was, filled their ice house with 52 two horse and to one horse loads of ice, 2 to 3 inches thick. The ice was hauled from a pond 2½ miles from town, where sunshine seldom gets.

—Dr. E. Benbow, of Yadkin county, passed through Winston, last week, on his return from the Medaris mad stone, at Goodwill, this county, where he had taken a little son of David Spillman, Esq., who was bitten a few days ago upon the ear by a mad dog. The stone adhered five hours to the wound.—Republican.

—On Saturday night just beyond Kernersville, as the train was coming this way, engineer Harris discovered a horse fleeing just ahead of him, but before the train could be stopped it was overtaken, knocked off the track and killed. The horse was the property of Levi Mathis, of Kernersville. It had broken loose and was making its way home.—Daily.

—From reliable information we learn that the result of the conference with President Scott yesterday is that if the people along the Winston and Wilkesboro road will be liberal in granting the right of way, the work will go ahead. No excessive demands will be paid. We hope this important road will be built and our people show a disposition to help.

RAILROAD MEETING.

ORINOCO WAREHOUSE.

Tuesday Evening, February 10. A grand Mass Meeting and rally of the citizens of Winston, will be held on Friday next, favorable to the construction of the Roanoke & Southern Railroad. All our people are interested in this matter and addresses will be made urging a full vote on this important measure. Go and hear for yourselves.

—At a recent meeting of the Salem Lodge, I. O. O. F., the following officers were installed for the ensuing year:

N. G.—J. C. Bessent.  
R. S. N. G.—W. T. Carter.  
L. S. N. G.—J. A. Burton.  
V. G.—T. E. Reynolds.  
R. S. V. G.—W. H. Hall.  
L. S. V. G.—T. L. Farrow.  
Secretary—H. T. Fouch.  
Treasurer—A. H. Eller.  
Warden—J. W. Bradford.  
Conductor—J. R. Walker.  
I. G.—B. H. Pitts.  
O. G.—E. Spagh.

Buckley's Arnica Salve. THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chills, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no payment required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by Dr. V. O. Thompson, Winston, N. C.

Memorial Services in Honor of the late Bishop Edmund Alexander de Schweinitz, Sunday, Feb. 5, 1888

It has been a beautiful and interesting custom among the Moravians, from time immemorial, to set apart a day in honor of departed brethren, especially Ministers and Bishops of the church. Formerly a lovefeast was a part of the day's services. On Sunday last was the memorial day of the late Bishop de Schweinitz, in Salem Congregation. He died in Bethlehem, Pa., in December last.

The services were opened with a grand and remarkably well rendered chorus, with orchestral accompaniment from Mendelssohn's oratorio "Paulus" (Paul). "Blessed and happy are they who have endured." The congregation then joined in a hymn, after which Dr. Rondthaler read the Epistle of Paul to Timothy, 4th chapter, 1st to 8th verse. After singing another hymn, Dr. Rondthaler, taking his text from 1st Samuel, and chapter, latter part of 30th verse, pronounced a beautiful and affecting eulogy on the lamented Bishop, giving a brief sketch of his early student life, his ministry, and characteristics of his useful life.

Bishop de Schweinitz was a busy man all his life. An eloquent preacher and an able writer, his works are recognized everywhere and highly appreciated in church literature.

After the sermon, a choir of 15 male voices from the Philharmonic Society, without organ or orchestral accompaniment sang most effectively and charmingly, the well known hymn:

"Happy soul, thy days are ended, etc., the music of which was composed especially for the occasion by Prof. Markgraf, musical director of Salem Female Academy. We, as well as others were not aware that such a galaxy of trained male voices existed among us, and it was therefore a pleasant surprise. It was truly grand to hear these voices, well attuned, singing the most familiar and favorite hymn, for funeral occasions. The congregation sang a hymn, the benediction pronounced, and as the people were moving out through the aisles of our venerable house of worship, the Orchestra poured forth in solemn notes, Handel's grand funeral march in Saul (Samson). Many of our people were deeply moved, and a marked solemnity pervaded the whole assembly. The memorial day of Bishop de Schweinitz will long be remembered by our people.

Commissioner's Court.

Ordered that the Clerk issue a warrant for the payment to contractor for repairing the Lash bridge when the same has been received and approved.

A petition for a public road from the Yadkin river at Davis' old ferry to the road leading to Spainhour's mill, and the Clerk was instructed to advertise the same by law.

Settlement of Sheriff of the State taxes for 1887 approved by the Board.

Ordered that C. A. Reynolds be appointed to get up specifications for the Salem bridge and let out the contract for building the same and report proceedings to the next meeting of the Board.

Ordered that the Clerk give notice to the several justices of the peace of the county to meet in the Court-house in Winston, on the 1st Monday in March next at 10 a. m., for the purpose of selecting a County Commissioner to fill the vacancy caused by the death of T. J. Valentine.

It was agreed to pay E. P. Pfaff \$325 for building the bridge across Little Yadkin, at Spainhour's mill, using the main bottom chords as they are.

Ordered by the Board that the Sheriff be furnished with a list of all persons who have U. S. liquor license and be instructed to demand from each of them the taxes prescribed by the Revenue Laws of the State, for State and County license, and report to Board any parties refusing to pay said taxes.

A list of Letters remaining in the Post Office at Salem, N. C., for the week ending Feb. 4, 1888:

Ladies. Miss Loue Dreese, Della Lloyd, Cora Rights, col. Miss D. Rose.

Gentlemen. John E. Anderson, Cass Grese, J. H. Hunt, J. S. T. Mitchell, B. L. Parmelee, Caleb A. Robinson, Ben Rose, Alex. Reed, C. W. Russell, J. L. Smith, S. C. Willard.

Persons calling for these letters should say *Advertised*, and are required to pay 1c for each letter.

T. B. DOUTHIT, P. M.

—Superior Court was opened on Monday last by His Honor, Judge Clark. A. A. Spagh is foreman of the Grand Jury. Among the cases disposed of we notice the following: State vs. Harrison Pitts, retailing, guilty, judgment suspended on payment of costs. State vs. J. R. Dalton, J. D. King and M. B. Fidler, case J. D. King, judgment suspended upon payment of cost; J. R. Dalton fined \$5; M. B. Fidler fined \$20 and costs. State vs. Bob Kapp, assault with deadly weapon, judgment suspended on payment of cost. State vs. Darius Morgan, a. and b. with deadly weapon, guilty, fined \$10 and cost. State vs. Fed Watkins, assault with deadly weapon, guilty, sentenced to one month in jail.—Daily.

Greatly Excited.

Not a few of the citizens of Salem, N. C., have recently become greatly excited over the astounding fact, that several of their friends who had been pronounced by their physicians as incurable and beyond all hope—suffering with that dreadful monster Consumption—have been completely cured by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, the only remedy that does positively cure all throat and lung disease, Coughs, Colds, Asthma and Bronchitis.

Trial bottles free at Dr. V. O. Thompson's Drug Store, large bottles \$1. New Books.—Gretchen, by Mrs. Holmes. Moravian Hymn Books, Gospel Hymns, etc., etc., at Salem Book store.

DAVIE COUNTY.

Captain Frank Brown, of Mocksville, and J. S. Bailey, of Boston, Mass., have bought the property known as the Wilson place, formerly owned by Judge Pearson. Mr. Bailey is the originator of the 5 and 10 cent stores which has become so popular throughout the country. The property will be improved, and there may be erected on it a hardware factory which will employ persons, dogwood and hickory, and put money into the pockets of our citizens.

The dwelling house and kitchen of James A. Hudson near South river were burned Monday night with their contents. It is thought that the fire originated in the kitchen. Two Mormon elders preached at the school house Tuesday night, and they propose to preach there again next Tuesday night. Davie county is most too small for Mormons, and they should be persuaded to leave in a hurry.—Times.

Excitement in Tobacco Circles.

—Chicago, Feb. 3.—A dispatch from Chattanooga, Tenn., says: Heavy buyers of tobacco report great excitement in Kentucky. Every available foot of land is being engaged, and the people are paying as high as \$90 per acre for good fields. A representative of a New York tobacco firm says: "Spain has recently bought four thousand bushels of leaves in New York, which leaves her 1,000 short of last year's requirements, with about 18,000 requirements for the wants of 1888. The New York warehouses are about empty and the purchases made at Clarksville this week were for immediate shipment." Louisville operators are making every effort to get all the dark low grades in a few hands, and are credited with the purchase within a week of nearly all the stock in Paducah, Hopkinsville and Nashville.

Wonderful Cures.

W. D. Hoyt & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists of Rome, Ga., say: We have been selling Dr. King's New Discovery, Electric Bitters and Buckley's Arnica Salve for 2 years. Have never handled remedies that sell as well or give such universal satisfaction. There have been some wonderful cures effected by these medicines in this city. Several cases of pronounced Consumption have been entirely cured by the use of a few bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery, taken in connection with Electric Bitters. We guarantee them always.

Sold by Dr. V. O. Thompson, Winston, N. C.

MARRIED.

In Greensboro, at the residence of the bride's father, Wm. E. Stone to Miss Sue Dick, daughter of the Hon. Robert Dick.

In Morrisville, Feb. 1, James A. Robinson, late of the Winston Leader, to Miss Alice C. Page.

At the residence of the bride's father, Willie H. Smith, of Greensboro, to Miss Gustie V. Gordon, of Pilot Mountain.

DIED.

In this place on last Friday morning, Charlie, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Crist, of membranous croup, aged about 4 years.

In this place, on Monday night last, of consumption, Mrs. Samuel Ebert, nee Maggie Hauser, aged 22 years.

In this place on Saturday last, Miss Sallie Butler, aged 80 years and 7 months.

At his residence in Stokes county, on Saturday last, Col. J. M. Covington. He was a well known, highly respected and esteemed gentleman, and filled various positions of trust and honor in his county. He represented Stokes county in the State Senate for a number of years, and was one of the oldest patrons of the Press.

At his residence in Salem Chapel Township, this county, T. J. Valentine, aged 72 years. Mr. Valentine was in his 8th year as commissioner of this county, at the time of his death.

At his home near Walnut Cove, Stokes county, Joseph Pulp, a well known citizen.

At his home in Ayresville, Stokes county, Rev. T. L. Hoyle, a superannuated member of the N. C. Conference.

At his home in Mitchell county, recently, Adam Snow who, for a number of years was a resident of Bethania and Mt. Airy.

Ladies, Your Attention!

Is called to the ladies following. No doubt many a suffering woman, after reading these letters, will avail themselves of the experience related by her sister in distant Missouri, and in the Empire State, of the South, thank them in their hearts for the information by which blessed relief from disease and suffering can assuredly be had. It was a most commendable thought in these ladies to make known their cases in an unselfish and humane spirit, that their suffering sisters elsewhere might be informed of an infallible remedy for the ailments from which they had suffered for years.

Miss Lydia Jones, No. 412 East Fourth St., Kansas City, Mo., writes under date of July 11th, 1887: Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga. Gentlemen—I have taken one dozen bottles of your S. S. S. and am happy to say I am entirely well. I have tried all patent medicines, but never found one like the S. S. S. I was troubled with weakness incident to women, pain in the back and in my chest. I thought I was beyond relief. When I commenced to take your medicine I weighed 84 pounds, today I weighed 165, and feel well and hearty. If you feel like publishing this, do so, for I feel that it will be helping other sufferers.

Mrs. Mary F. Bryan, No. 41 Factory Street, Atlanta, Ga., writes, Aug. 16th, 1887: "When twenty-five years of age, I had a severe case of milk-leg. I tried many physicians in my native State, but all of the remedies prescribed failed to do me any good. Almost in despair, I went to Alabama to consult a noted physician, who told me my entire system was poisoned by my disease. Everybody thought I would never get well. I am now fifty-five years of age, and was a constant sufferer from my twenty-fifth year till last year. In May, 1886, Dr. J. C. Carter, a worthy physician of this city, told me to try your valuable remedy, S. S. S. I did so, and the result has been wonderful. Before, I could scarcely walk about the house; now I can walk two miles, and my health is better than it has been for ten years. I cannot say too much for your valuable remedy. You can refer for me, for I can truly say I believe it saved my life last summer."

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. The Swift Specific Co., Drawer 3 Atlanta, Ga.

FOR THE BLOOD BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

Combining IRON with PURELY VEGETABLE TONICS, quickly and completely CLEANSES and ENRICHES THE BLOOD. Quickest action of the liver and kidneys. Clears the complexion, makes the skin smooth. It does not injure the teeth, cause headache, or produce constipation. ALL OTHER IRON MEDICINES DO. Physicians and Druggists everywhere recommend it.

Dr. N. S. PROCTOR, of Boston, Mass., says: "I recommend Brown's Iron Bitters as a valuable tonic for enriching the blood, and removing all dyspeptic symptoms. It does not hurt the stomach."

Dr. M. M. DRELL, of Portland, Me., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "Brown's Iron Bitters is a most reliable remedy for blood poisoning, and I heartily recommend it to all who are afflicted with it."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

Dr. Wm. W. MORGAN, of New Orleans, La., says: "I have prescribed Brown's Iron Bitters in cases of anemia and blood disease, also when a tonic was needed, and it has proved the most reliable remedy."

FORSYTH COUNTY: In the Superior Court.

Lucinda Helton against Henry Helton.

SUMMONS FOR RELIEF. THE STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA. To the Sheriff of Forsyth County: GREETING:

You are hereby commanded to summon Henry Helton, the defendant above named, if he be found within your County, to be and appear before the Judge of our Superior Court, a Court to be held for the County of Forsyth, at the Court-House in Winston, on the 4th Monday before the 1st Monday of March next, and answer the complaint which will be deposited in the office of the clerk of the Superior Court of said County, within the first three days of said term; and let the said defendant take notice that if he fail to answer the said complaint, within the time required by law, the Plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Hereof not, and of this summons make due return.

Given under my hand and seal of said Court, this 3d day of January, 1888.

C. S. HAUSER, Clerk Superior Court Forsyth County.

It appearing from the return of the Sheriffs of Guilford and Forsyth Counties and from other proofs that the defendant is a non-resident of the State, and cannot after due diligence be found so that the process of the court, can be served upon him, it is ordered that the above summons be published in the Salem Press, a newspaper published in Forsyth County, for six successive weeks, notifying the defendant of the time and place of the return of said summons.

This 3d day of January, 1888.

C. S. HAUSER, Clerk of Superior Court.

Jan. 5, '88-6w.

Ladies & Everybody

MRS. T. B. DOUTHIT'S.

—FOR YOUR—

MILLINERY & NOTIONS. LADIES BASKETS

largest assortment in town.

Hosiery, Collars and Cuffs, Corsets, Handkerchiefs,

Rubber Shoes, Buttons, Thread



ory of Theodore Parker, which the  
er believes has never been in print,  
old him by a remarkable gentleman  
and in frequent circles:  
ny years ago," said the narrator of  
ident about the time when  
egard to preach in Music Hall, I  
lled upon one day by a Yankee  
who had a good deal of a thinker  
gious subjects, and who took an

"The sermon was first-rate, Mr. Parker," said the sailor, "but I didn't care so much for the prayer."  
"What was there about the prayer that you didn't like?" asked Parker.  
"Now, Theodore Parker had a way, as you may remember, of making pretty long prayers, and of embodying the Lord's Prayer in them, every Sunday. He closed his prayer generally with the Lord's Prayer. So he might have guessed what the sailor was coming to when he answered:  
"I know it was from the Bible, Mr. Parker, that sentence in your prayer that I didn't like; but I don't like it, all the same."

### The Cocaine Habit.

The Bellevue Hospital authorities say the cocaine habit is on the increase according to their statistics. It has not, however, reached startling proportions, as only fifteen cases have been treated in Bellevue during the present year. About one half of the patients were found to be suffering from morphine as well as cocaine, and, as a rule, resorted to the latter to escape the former. Owing to the comparatively recent discovery of cocaine they were not aware that they were flying for relief to a more deadly drug. The cocaine habit is considered incur-

last summer. This gentleman is about forty years of age, is a graduate of the University of Maryland, and a few years ago was considered one of the brightest members of the medical staff of the University. He is a practitioner in a large and among the best practice in this city. He, like Dr. Bradley, began experimenting with cocaine and became a victim of the drug, but discovered his danger before he had lost his reason and voluntarily entered the hospital for treatment. He was treated by the medical staff, however, and left apparently convinced that he was safe, but his friends feared he did not remain long enough. In fact, he returned to his cocaine habit, and a New York physician follows Dr. Bradley's experience, for he, too, experimented on his life, and the same ailment had scarcely left the hospital, before he was entering it as a patient.

A patient who was given cocaine in the form of a suppository, and who was entirely comfortable at all present. It leaves a numb, uncomfortable sensation in the stomach which makes even thoughts of food impossible. It produces the most distressful sensations.—*New York World.*

nerves are prostrated they can be invigorated in the same way. They should be gently pressed in one direction and in another, which tends to increase their vitality. The general circulation can be increased by lightly moving the hands over the surface of blood vessels, not rubbing them briskly, but using enough pressure to quicken the circulation. Women can be one thorough animal electricity will build up but devote themselves to a careful study of anatomy. The world is full of half intelligent individuals who should be restored to health by this natural method. Drugs will not help them, but animal electricity applied under the right condition will.—Wm.

1

ch vein of pure galena lead ore  
discovered near Monroe, Wis.  
thousand pounds of ore were taken  
three days, including one chunk  
weighed 1,600 pounds. A vast  
of ore is in sight, all of the very  
quality.

Englishman has invented a brake  
which any person in a compartment

An East Indian scientific journal says that the fibers of bamboo, China grass, and pineapple, after proper treatment, can be spun so fine that an expert could hardly distinguish the product from silk. Large quantities of cloth woven from China grass and bamboo are brought into the Rangoon markets by Chinamen and Bhiamo, and although the material is not manufactured with modern looms, the quality is so fine as to resemble tussore silk.

A careful estimate made by an English chemist of the contents or constituents of a ton of coal presents some inter-

Considering the variability of drift-ice movement in the Arctic Seas, Dr. Carl Pettersen, of the Tromsø Arctic Museum, urges that the easiest, cheapest and most promising method of seeking the North Pole is to despatch every year, for ten or eleven years, a certain number of well-equipped steamers, some of which would be able to seize upon the most favorable condition of the ice for a dash to the extreme north. Four routes are recommended, viz.: One along East Spitzbergen to Franz Josef Land and northward starting from the north of Norway; one east of Franz Josef Land, between the Norwegian coast and the

to be built, and they will dis large water at the rate of 12,000 gallons a minute. It will cost not less than \$100,000 to build each of these, and they are expected to be finished in a year. About one and a half miles of the canal is already dug. The time for its completion is June, 1891."

It may be covered on the outside with a sheet of cotton wool. In this way the poultice may be applied boiling hot to the skin without burning; the two layers of flannel, which are at first dry, allow the heat to pass very gradually indeed to the skin; as the moisture of the poultice soaks through them they become better conductors, and the heat passes more quickly, but the increase is so gradual as not to cause any painful sensations whatever, but only one of soothing and comfort. The poultice, also, naturally keeps much longer hot, and the necessity for changing it arises much less frequently.

Student was assigned to work on the dissection of the "liver" by the demonstrator of anatomy and is required to dissect an entire body during the first year of his course. If he has failed to pass a satisfactory examination in anatomy, he is referred to a similar body of his knowledge of anatomy is proved.

Strange as it may seem, some students acquire a fanatical fondness for this work of their study, and are so devoted to it that they will dissect a dead animal in a house given of calico, scalp and hand, they seem to be in their element, laughing and jesting merrily as they perform the dissection, and separate the various organs of the body, and investigate the deep and intricate structure of the human frame.

**PICS OF INTEREST RELATIVE  
TO FARM AND GARDEN.**

**Threshing Oats by Hand.**  
Some good farmers are readopting the method of threshing their oat crops with a flail, leaving the work to be done

**Profit in Sheep.**

It seems as if every farmer could make sheep profitable. It is not a difficult thing to do to make a sheep yield an income of \$6 per year from her lamb and fleece. In any of the older States, a good lamb, fit to turn away in July, or before, will bring \$4 in the local markets, and eight pounds of unwashed wool, of medium or coarse grade, will surely bring \$2. The sheep may be valued at \$5. This is the amount of capital required in the sheep. To this must be added the use of land for pasture, and to cut hay from

the suckling ones. He will certainly get the most benefit from the clover and lupines in both growth and in the mature. Sheep thus fed will shear double the amount of wool that they will consume in hay and grass. Sheep will do best on a clear clover hay before lambing and if in fine condition they will do well exclusively on it afterward, but a little grain, even when fed on this, the best of hay, will help wonderfully and will be expected in proportion to the quality of the hay in excess of sheep when not liberally fed. It will make half-difference in the lambs. Any man can figure out the value of a bushel of grain to a flock of sheep, and a full pint for three or more months with the results, or no grain with its results. It must not be forgotten that sheep can by good feeding be made fatter and more profitable and in less consideration.—Our Country Wives.

Carrots, beets, mangolds, or English turnips, when gathered, should be topped with care, should be put in tight barrels, and piled directly upon the bottom of a cool and damp cellar.

Sheep like variety, and if this is furnished, a very small amount of grain can be made to answer. If corn is fed it always is preferable to at least have it helled, if not chopped.

The *Sheep Breeder* says sheep require to be fed *often* than any other stock, and it is really more essential to feed a small quantity often than a large quantity once.

Whether it be best to spread the manure on land intended for corn in winter spring depends on the land. If too stalling, much of the soluble matter of the manure will be washed out and carried off by the rains, unless the land has been plowed and left in the rough condition (unharrowed), so that the heavy manure will carry the matter down to the soil. It is best to haul the manure now, if it can be done, so as to avoid such labor in the spring, which is usually the busy season.

The columns of the newspapers appear to be flooded with proprietary medicine advertisements. As we cast our eyes over them, it strikes us to mind an article that was published in the late Dr. Holland in *Scribner's Monthly*. He says: "Nevertheless, it is a fact that many of the best proprietary medicines of the day were more successful than many physicians, and most of them, it should be remembered, were at first discovered or used in unorthodox medical practice. When, however,

This appears, like a severe arraignment, yet we believe that it expresses the true standing of the medical profession in regard to "remedies" offered outside of their special "isms." One of the popular "isms" of the day is the popularity of certain remedies, especially Warner's safe cure, which we find for sale everywhere. The physician of the highest standing is ready to concede its merits and sustain the theories which propound it. He knows that it benefits many in most of the ailments of the human system because it assists in putting the kidneys in proper condition, thereby aiding in throwing off the impurities of the blood, while others with a dishonesty expose the patient to the risk of losing his life. The patient is scientifically and according to the code, rather than

**The Fun of Esquimaux Youngsters.**  
The Esquimaux boys have little sledges and go out on sledging parties. One putting a couple of sticks over his head runs about playing that he is a walrus and the other boys with their sledges go out to hunt him. In the National Museum is a little kayak or Esquimaux boat, made by some father for his little son. It is about two feet long and has a little man, dressed in seal skin hood and coat, sitting in the centre with a paddle in his hand. Attached to the figure are strings. Pull one of the strings and the little man works

direction was unconcernedly as though he never heard of such a thing as a lean-shooter. In one end of the whalebone the boy had carved a row of little teeth, with which he also did mischief. When some young Esquimaux buck put on his new deer-skin coat and strutted about, the youngster very likely gave him a little dig in the back with the whalebone, giving a twist to the bone so that it would pull out a tuft of hair and spoil the smooth surface of the coat.—*Washington Star*.

**Ye Olden Time Bread.**

If you want to taste wheat bread such as the Romans used to chew upon about two centuries before Christ, here is Marcus Porcius Cato's recipe. Make kneaded bread thus: Wash well your hands and trough. Put the meal into the trough, add water gradually, and knead it thoroughly. When you have kneaded it well, mold it, and bake it under cover.

Having been troubled with inflammatory rheumatism for many years, my favorable attention was called to Hood's Sarsaparilla. I now use three bottles and can already testify to beneficial results. I highly recommend it as a great blood purifier."—J. C. ATKINS, West Bloomfield, N. Y.

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
 Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. F. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

**100 Doses One Dollar**

**ELY'S CREAM BALM**  
 Is worth \$1000 to any  
**MAN, WOMAN or CHILD**  
 suffering from  
**CATARH.**  
 Apply Balm—take each tablet.

[illegible]

**The Homeliest Man in Town.**  
As well as the handsomest, and others are  
invited to call on any druggist and get free  
trial bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat  
and Lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely  
upon its merits and is guaranteed to cure and  
relieve all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma,  
Bronchitis and Consumption. Large bottles  
50 cents and \$1.

Printed guarantee on bottle wrapper.

OVER 1,000,000 cans are used annually by the canners of the country.

**The Cutest Little Things.**

"Cute!" he echoed. "Well I don't know what the adjective would be that occurred to me just that. But if you mean that they do their work thoroughly, & make no fuss about it, cause no pain or weakness, and in everything that a pill ought to do, and nothing that it ought not, then I agree that Pierce's Pleasant Purgative Pellets are about the cutest little things going!"

SIXTY THOUSAND orange trees are on their way to California from Japan.

Mild, soothing, and healing is Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy.

TOBACCO growing is being extensively re-

sumption they will send me their Express and P. O. Order. Respectfully,  
T. A. SLOCUM, M.C., 181 Pearl St., N. Y.  
Send for pamphlet on "Taylor's Hospital Cure for Catarrh." Mailed free from City Hall Pharmacy, 204 B'way, New York.  
If afflicted with sore eyes see Dr. Isaac Thompson's Eye-Water. Druggists sell at 25c. per bottle.  
"ROYAL GLUE" mends anything! Broken China, Glass, Wood. Free Vials at Drugs & Gro.

Take DYGESTYLIN for all pains and disorders of the stomach; they all come from indigestion. Ask your druggist for DYGESTYLIN price \$1 per large bottle. If he does not have it send one dollar to us and we will send a bottle to you, express prepaid. Do not hesitate to send your money. Our house is reliable. Established twenty five years.

W. F. KIDDER & CO.  
Manufacturing Chemist, 53 John St., N. Y.

NY N U-9

**MARVELOUS**  
**DISCOVER**

**\$500**  
**WIN**  
**FIVE HUND**  
For a case of Catarrh in

**COMMON SENSE  
TREATMENT.**

If you would remove the root cause of the catarrh is, in the weakness, impurity and irritation of the blood, you will cure the disease directed to the removal of that cause. The best medicine for the blood is the "Invalids' Hotel and Surgical" which is the only medicine that we realize the importance of combining with the best of blood-purification, a thorough use of blood-cleansing and tonic medicine.

**CHIEF  
RELIEF.**

In curing catarrh and all which it is so frequently bronchial, and lung disease, the deficiency of blood, scrofulous humors, and the weakness of the physical powers and virtues of the body cannot be too strongly expressed.



Sold by Druggists  
25 Cents a Vial

**BEING PURELY VEGETABLE**

Dr. Pierce's Pellets operate without disturbing the system, diet, or occupation. Put in vials, hermetically sealed. Always free of habit.

30. As a gentle laxative, alternative  
purgative, they give the most perfect

A WORD OF WARNING.

There are many white soaps, each represented to be "just as good as the 'Ivory'"; they ARE NOT, but like all counterfeits, lack the peculiar and remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ask for "Ivory" Soap and insist upon getting it.

Copyright 1886, by Procter & Gamble.

**EXHAUSTED VITALITY**  
A Great Medical Work for Young and Middle-Aged Men.

**WELLS' HEALTH RENEWER**

**WOMEN** WORK FOR ANOTHER, or on small farms. As good as 75% of the women in the world work on farms? Why try to secure a better life for your children? Why not work on a farm? Why not on rented lands? Why not on your own land? Why not on the land of the low-priced but very fertile and well watered lands adjacent to railroad main to be obtained by the purchase of a few acres of land? Why not when you can make a larger net profit per acre than on the lands of the high priced? Why not on your own? Why not go and look the situation over? You can find out for yourself. Write for information, which will be sent free. **W. W. WANNER, Gen. Agt.,** P. O. Box 114, Minn.

THE PROPRIETORS OF  
**DR. SAGE'S CATARRH REMEDY**  
**WILL PAY**  
**RED DOLLARS**  
the Head which they cannot cure.

**PERMANENT CURES.**

The Golden Medical Discovery is the natural health-giver. Dr. Sages Catarrh Remedy cures not only cleanses, purifies, regulates, and builds up the system to its normal condition. It cures all catarrhs throat, bronchial, lung complications, coughs, colds, influenza, whooping cough, etc., effects upon the lining membrane of the nasal passages, it aids in the removal of mucus from the lungs, restores the brain to a healthy condition, and thus eradicates the disease.

When a cure is effected in the manner above stated, the patient can expect no return of the disease. Catarrh Remedy are sold by druggists the world over. Discounted prices as follows:

Bottle, 75c; half-dozen, \$3.00; one dozen, \$5.00. On Catarrh, giving valuable hints as to clothing, diet, and other matters of importance, will be mailed free to those who send for it.

Address, The World's Dispensary Medical Association,  
No. 661 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

**PURELY VEGETABLE! PERFECTLY HARMLESS!**  
**As a Liver Pill, they are Unequaled!**  
**SMALLER, CHEAPER, EASIEST TO TAKE.**  
 Beware of Imitations, which contain Poisonous Minerals. Always ask for  
 Dr. Pierce's Pellets, which are Little Sugar-coated Pills,  
 or Anti-bilious Granules. **ONE PELLETS A DOSE.**

**SICK HEADACHE,**  
 Billious Headache, Dizziness, Constipation,  
 Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derange-  
 ments of the stomach, and bowels are cured, re-  
 lieved and permanently cured by the use of **Dr.  
 Pierce's Pellets**. They are a powerful and safe  
 power over so great a variety of diseases. It may  
 be used in all cases, and is a universal, not a  
 gland or tissue escaping their sensitive influence.

Small illustration of a woman's head in profile, looking towards the left, with her hair styled in an updo.

Manufactured by WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICINE CO.  
BUFFALO, N. Y.

Th

PU

The  
exhib  
will be  
one a  
sculpt  
bourn  
The  
Repul  
the de  
The c  
are up  
deser  
rapid  
Ch  
civil  
twen  
the e  
that  
every  
this  
fair  
years  
The  
Frau  
and  
the c  
dow  
class  
soud  
of t  
man  
J.  
Univ  
built  
cave  
they  
rich  
trav  
on a  
in B  
T  
arre  
were  
tere  
lodg  
fox  
saw  
clud  
pet  
223  
Lon  
ling  
M  
mig  
leas  
to a  
and  
Sia  
occ  
the  
atio  
gun  
pos  
cip  
due  
T  
leas  
No  
not  
abo  
ike  
som  
lon  
law  
old  
no  
ue  
40  
tha  
an  
hu  
far  
ne  
sh  
th  
all  
cla  
sto  
th  
la  
w  
su  
fre  
O  
an  
5.  
fa  
pr  
re  
or  
w  
de  
th  
tu  
pe  
m  
w  
T  
er  
st  
an  
cl  
st  
m  
g  
A  
pe  
st  
th  
be  
u  
be  
G  
re  
le  
d  
u  
E  
d  
h